#### WHAT IS LEFT

of our Xmas stock is a trifle mixed. Now before we attempt to clear-up, we want to clean-out every kind of holiday article left in our store.

You know what this means to your pocketbook? A saving of 10-25-and on some things 50 per cent.

Some \$2.00, \$1.50 and \$1.00 Neckwear marked to \$1.00, 75c and 50c. Some \$3 00, \$2 00 and \$1.50 mufflers marked to \$2.00, \$1.50 and 75c. Some \$18.00, \$12.00 and \$8.00 House Coats and Smoking Jackets offered at \$12.00, \$8.50 and \$5.00

AT WHEN

# "THE DAY AFTER

We trust, will carry with it, for OUR FRIENDS, PATRONS AND THE TRADE IN GENERAL, nothing but the most pleasurable recollections of a "MERRY CHRISTMAS."

It may be at the same time, of mutual interest to suggest, that "CHRISTMAS" doesn't end the Winter, and should the Holiday Trade leave empty spaces or broken assortments in Seasonable Lines, we are in more than ordinarily good position to execute RUSH ORDERS and make QUICK DELIVERIES.

#### HIBBEN, HOLLWEG @ CO.,

Dry Goods, Notions, Woolens, Etc. Wholesale Exclusively

There Was No Family Tree, but

Archie Roosevelt Had One of

His Own.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25 .- Christmas at

the White House was a quiet day. Presi-

dent Roosevelt's morning ride was aban-

doned that he might attend the funeral

services of Mrs. Hoar. Prior to this he

Dist. .. on of the numerous presents to

the children took place immediately after

though Archie Roosevelt took possession of the White House sewing room several days

ago and devised a tree of his own, on

which he hung remembrances to the fam-

Secretary Cortelyou, of the Department of Commerce and Labor, and General Young, chief of staff of the army, saw the

President during the morning. Commander

and Mrs. Cowles spent a portion of the day at the White House.

few personal friends with them at dinner at the White House to-night. Those present included Senator and Mrs. Lodge, Mr. and

Mrs. George C. Lodge, Mrs. Lodge, Mr. and Mrs. George C. Lodge, Mrs. John Lodge, Captain and Mrs. Cowles, Mr. and Mrs. Brooks Adams, Mrs. Charles Henry Davis, Miss Davis, the Masters Davis, Lieutenant Granville R. Fortesque and Mr. R. H. M. Ferguson, of New York.

The British ambassador and Lady Durand and their daughter celebrated their first

Washington Christmas by entertaining the

embassy staff at dinner to-night, and at the

NEW YORK, Dec. 25.-The Salvation

Army, in keeping with its annual custom,

distributed Christmas dinners to 20,000 of

New York's poor at the Grand Central Pal-

ace to-day. Beginning at 10 o'clock, 5,000

FEASTED AT COLISEUM

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 25.-Christmas cheer was

dispensed to thousands of poor at the

floor of the vast area were set with turkey

Enormous Import of Grapes.

It is not likely, however, that the pro-ducer received much for the fruit; bariels

had to be provided and cork dust for packing. Then there was transportation to the ship, handling, freight, commission and

more or less losses, so that, although the

consumer here probably pays his grocer 12 cents a pound for the fruit, the grower re-

The receipts of foreign green fruit has also been largely in excess of last year's

figures. Sicily sent, from Nov. 1 to 25, 71,-965 boxes of lemons, as compared with 13,-838 boxes for the corresponding period of

On the contrary, the California ship-ments only reached in the same period 4,332

boxes, as compared with 7,973 boxes re-

ceived last year between Nov. 1 and Nov.

25. Nearly all these fruit shipments come

Services Over Mrs. Hoar's Remains.

were held to-day over the remains of Mrs. Ruth Hoar, wife of Senator Hoar, of Massa-chusetts, at the residence of the senator in

this city. The services were conducted by Rev. U. S. G. Pierce, of All Souls Unitarian

Church, and were attended by President

Roosevelt. Accompanied by the senator.

Worcester, where the interment will be.

the remains were this afternoon taken to

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.-Funeral services

ceives but a small share of the price.

more destitute families.

BY SALVATION ARMY

Austrian, French, German and other embas-sies members of the diplomatic corps and

others were entertained at dinner.

The President and Mrs. Roosevelt had a

breakfast. There was no family tree, al-

EXCHANGED

PRESENTS

spent 'n } r at his desk.

# \$271,000.00 QUIET CHRISTMAS DAY

Vigo County, Indiana, 4%

Bridge Bonds TAX EXEMPT

E. M. CAMPBELL & CO. **INDIANAPOLIS** 

SURGICAL APPLIANCES. Emergency and Medicine Cases, Electric Batteries, Belts and Insoles, Hot-air and Bath Cabinets. Thermometers and Artifi-

WM. H. ARMSTRONG & CO. and 226 S. Meridian St., Indianapolis, Ind.

# FRENCH DOCTOR WANTED

Edmund Kelley Challenged by Dr De Chateau at Hearing of Fair Will Case.

ANOTHER CLASH LATER

NEW YORK, Dec. 25 .- During the hearing of the Fair case a duel has been imminent between Dr. De Chateau, a witness, and Edmund Kelley, of the American embassy, a lawyer representing Mrs. William K. Van- THOUSANDS OF POOR FED derbilt, jr., and Mrs. Herman Oelrichs, says a Paris dispatch to the American. The hearing on Thursday was held in the house of Dr. De Chateau, at Vernon, a village near Passy-Sur Ure, the place where the accident occurred which resulted in the deaths of Mr. and Mrs. Fair. Dr. De Chateau and Dr. Perriquet had each testi- baskets, each containing a satisfying dinwhen Mr. Kelley intimated that Dr. De Chateau was a bankrupt.

Dr. De Chateau was upon his feet in an instant. "Sir," he cried, "you have insulted | the entire staff of the Army in this city. me grossly and in a manner impossible for me to overlook. You must give me satis- ST. LOUIS POOR WERE faction and my seconds will call upon you." The place was in an uproar and for a time it was impossible to proceed with the hearing. Friends of Mr. Kelley and Dr. De Chateau intervened and the challenge was withdrawn under protest. "If the lawyers representing Mrs. Vanderbilt and Mrs. Oelrichs are not less offensive," the baskets containing materials for Christmas

doctor said, "I will exclude them from my dinners were sent to the homes of as many Hardly had the disagreement between Dr.

De Chateau and Mr. Kelley been adjusted municipal, corrective and charitable institutions, as well as those of a private nand M. T. Beekman, who represents the ture, by especial dinners. heirs of Mrs. Fair.

"We have given Mrs. Fair's mother two undred thousand dollars already in full settlement of her claims," said Mr. Kelley. Brooklyn Eagle. "We regard that act upon the part of our client as having settled effectually any claim Mrs. Nelson might have upon this

"The Vanderbilts have given my client two hundred thousand dollars of her own money, and have kept eight millions of it," retorted Mr. Beekman hotly.

For a moment it looked as though there For a moment it looked as though there port amounts to \$1,189,500. might be another challenge to a duel. Dr. De Chateau and Dr. Perriquet both testified that Mrs. Fair died first.

Patent Business Improving.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.-More specificaprinted in the Patent Office Gazette this year than in any previous year. A report of the work of the division shows 31,165 atents, 1,886 trademarks and 536 design

### Dextro Candies

For people that "Can't Eat Candy" These are digestible and delicious.

"THERE'S A REASON" Will Go from Dawson to Coburg. cents a package, Grocers & Druggists

last year.

to Brooklyn piers.

#### CRUISER OLYMPIA WILL BRAVE THE COLOMBIANS

Carry Minister Beaupre to the Isthmus.

CELEBRATION AT COLON

Joy Over British Recognition-Transports to Be Made Ready for Carrying Troops.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.-The cruiser Olympia, Admiral Coghlan's flagship, has been selected to bring Minister Beaupre from Cartagena to Colon, where the minister will take a passenger steamer for New York. The Olympia will reach Cartagena Sunday next. At his request the Colombian government furnished Mr. Beaupre an armed escort from Bogota to Cartagena. Secretary Moody to-day received the fol-

lowing brief cablegram from Rear Admiral Glass, dated Panama: "Perfect quiet. No Consul General Gudger, at Panama, has transmitted to the State Department a report from the American consul at Caly, De-

partment of Cauca, stating that the Colombian volunteer forces in that section are disbanding and there are no indications of an attack on Panama. From Cartagena comes information of a similar character. The State Department has been officially advised of the recognition by Great Britain of the Republic of Panama.

General Rafael Reyes, the Colombian minister in Washington on a special mission, spent a busy day to-day in preparation of his mail dispatches for Colombia. It is supposed the dispatches contained a complete copy of the statement he has made to Secretary Hay, concerning the se-cession of the Department of Panama. Late in the afternoon Secretary Root, acting Secretary Loomis, of the State Department, and Senor Walker-Martinez, the Chilean minister, called on Dr. Reyes. Their visits, it is understood, were en-tirely of a social character.

TROOPSHIPS MAY BE CALLED INTO SERVICE

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 25.-Orders have been received from Washington by local transport officials to get the troopships Sherman and Newport in readiness for service immediately. The transport ofreceived and refuse to divulge the intended believed, however, that it is the intenness for any movement towards Panama. port from the Bremerton navy yard. It is understood that she will leave in company with the Buford, acting as a convoy to the torpedo boats Paul Jones and Only Change in Price Has Been a

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.-War Department officials admit that the transports Sherman, Buford and Crook, now at San Francisco, are being made ready for sea Primarily these vessels are intended for the ready for any emergency which may arise, any of them for the transportation of troops to Panama, the ships will be available for that purpose. Still the positive this end in view; it is simply, it is stated, from Manila. She is in need of some 'repairs and the present intention of the to the Philippines on Feb. 1. The Buford has been laid up at San Francisco for two years and just now she is being overhauled and some coal-saving appliances installed. The Crook is in need of a thorough overhauling and renovating, which is being given her.

CRUISER DIXIE WILL CARRY OVER 600 MARINES

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 25.-Christmas was not allowed to entirely interrupt the martial preparations at the League Island navy yard, where the cruiser Dixie is being made ready to sail for Colon on Monninety-four marines and two officers from Washington to-night the first large detail on the Dixie. Some additional stores were taken on board to-day and everything now is in readiness for the reception of the 400 marines who are to come to-morrow and Sunday from New York, Norfolk and An-

BRITISH RECOGNITION CELEBRATED AT COLON

COLON. Dec. 25 .- Colon just now is in state of joyful excitement following upon recognized the Republic of Panama. This ner for a family of five persons, were dis-tributed. This evening 5,000 of the city's homeless sat down to tables laden with news, which was conveyed early in the day by the British consul at Panama to the turkeys, cranberry sauce and other good things of the season. Commander Booth-Tucker was in personal charge, assisted by natives of Great Britain and the Britishers and medicine. For severe internal disorders joined the natives in their jubilation. military Governor of Colon, rightly inter-preting the feelings of the community, gave bath towel; at night rub the spine for ten permission to the inhabitants to celebrate | minutes, and in two months you will see the event without restriction, and full ad-great improvement. Mixed with quinine, then rubbed on the chest and back, it preo'clock last night Governor Melendez, ac-companied by a band and a military escort, plied to the throat, it cures soreness; mixed Collseum, where tables covering the entire together with a great crowd of the inhabconsulate, where the band played old English airs and the crowd cheered most enthrough the streets singing "God Save the rub the nickel parts with the oil, also the King." This sentiment, "God save the gasoline oven or other sheet iron, and you King." is heard everywhere to-day.

## PUT ON GUARD WHERE SHE TO BE ARMORED ALL OVER ONCE SAVED BIG TRAIN

Will Proceed to Cartagena and Kate Shelley's Bravery of Nearly a Protection of Battleships of the Extraordinary Meeting of the Cab-Quarter a Century Ago at Last Recognized.

WOMAN FAMOUS IN IOWA USE

DES MOINES, Ia., Dec. 25.-Brave Kate boy and girl in the State of Iowa, and pointed station agent of the Chicago & was made gladly by the great corporation, which frankly acknowledges itself the debtor of one of the most courageous little women in the country.

The debt and the story of how it was in- for aiming as well as firing their guns. cured dates back nearly a quarter century, but it never has been forgotten here. Kate Shelley was sixteen years old in July, 1881. Her father was a section foreman on the railroad. On the night of the 6th the Des Moines river overflowed its banks and eleven of twenty-one bridges in the Des Moines valley, between Boone and Moingona, were torh from their anchorages by the flood. The fierceness of the storm caused the girl to become alarmed for her father's safety. He was out on the line inspecting the tracks, and, despite her mother's warning, she started out in

She had just faced the gale when an observation engine crashed through a trestle near the Shelley home and plunged into the drowned and two injured. After doing what she could for the survivors the girl, trains, performed the feat which made her the heroic figure she is acknowledged to be. By a devious path she made her way across the bayou, plunging through the treacherous morass, sometimes half choked, until she gained the opposite bank, with her clothing torn to tatters. Then, with strength that seemed superhuman, she began a four-mile journey, which involved the crossing of a trestle swaying and bending in the wind. The lantern she carried was extinguished. Passing on in the darkness, crawling on hands and knees, keeping her course by the lightning's flashes, she managed to reach the Moingona station just ting under way to whirl to death and destruction. Gasping out her warning, Kate fell in a faint. The train was saved and

The railroad recognized the girl's act. State Legislature appointed her to a lucrative clerkship. The route of the road has been changed and Kate no longer can see the trains pass by her home. yearns to see the cars, so she is to have a full view of the station to which she made | abeam. her perilous journey twenty-two years ago.

COAL TRADE IS GOOD DESPITE THE HOLIDAY

Reduction in the Linton Product in Indiana.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CHICAGO, Dec. 25.-The Black Diamond. official organ of the coal industry, reviewing the Western coal trade this week, says: "Western coal markets throughout the week have been influenced largely by the holiday season and also by the milder weather which has prevailed. Business however, has shown a slight improvement January and February, Railroad transnines, is becoming much worse and frebeen out three and four weeks and in some few cases it has been on the road six weeks and has not yet reached its destination. The miners are working with less energy and are producing less coal per cap-ita than they did during the summer and they have had steady employment. "During the week there have been no mportant changes in prices. Eastern coals

have held about steady and in one or two nstances have gained slightly over the previous low range, while on the other hand in isolated cases there have been reductions in prices. The most important reduction has occurred in the Linton field of Indiana, which amounted to about 25 cents ton on standard grades of coal. Producers there have a large production and in order to find a market for it they have instituted a more aggressive campaign. On the present basis they are securing a large run of orders and the prospects for the immediate future are reassuring.

"In the Western anthracite trade the Northwest reports a good demand for the principal stove sizes and docks are doing a good volume of business. The weather there has been fairly seasonable and con-sumption, owing to the fact that the season opened so early, is probably in excess of what it was last year by a considerable

Many Uses of Olive Oil.

Woman's Home Companion. A tablespoonful of olive oil a day, taken gestion. It is also healing for throat or Senor Portoric Melendez, the civil and body, rub the patient every morning for plied to the throat, it cures soreness; mixed with kerosene and turpentine, then used on the throat and chest, it relieves the most obstinate cough. Heated and applied ish airs and the crowd cheered most en-busiastically. A torchlight procession was it for chapped hands and roughened or afterwards formed, the crowd marching burned skin. Before putting away the stove, gasoline oven or other sheet iron, and you

PICTURESQUE ABBEY.



partment announces the resignation of Consul General Oliver J. Hughes, at Coburg Germany, and the selection of Henry D. Baylor, now consul at Dawson City, The issue was hastily withdrawn, and but a few are now extant. The auctioneers, it is said, have already received several private offers of 21,000 for the stamp, but they are sanguing it will realize far more than this at the public sale.

| Consul General Oliver J. Hughes, at Coburg Germany, and the selection of Henry burg. Germany, a

# IN COATS OF STEEL

United States Navy in Building of Twin Fighters.

ELECTRICITY WAR

Louisiana, while the largest fighting vessels this government has ever built, will exhibit several entirely new features of construction and armament. They will be clad in a complete coat of steel, instead of depending merely upon an armor belt for their vitals; they will carry rapid-fire weapons of a caliber and pattern hitherto unknown and they will utilize electricity The armor for the Connecticut-the ves-

500,000, and she will carry a million dollars' worth of guns. Her steel protection, instead of being concentrated in a waterline belt amidships, leaving the ends of the vessel exposed, after the method hitherto adopted, will extend from bow to stern of them will have four twelve-inch guns, in turrets, which will throw projectiles weighing 850 pounds with a velocity of 2,800 feet, or a little over half a mile a second. This velocity is one-fourth greater than was obtained with guns of the same caliber on the old Iowa, the improvement being due in part to the new smokeless powder, but mainly to an enlargement of the chamber, which is thus enabled to hold a larger quantity of the explosive. The guns next in size will be seven-inchmounted on the Indiana and other battleand at least equally effective. They will be of the rapid-fire pattern, delivering a stream of projectiles weighing 165 pounds, each of which will carrying a bursting charge of thirteen pounds of black powder. These explosive shells, for which armorpiercing projectiles may be substituted when desired, will travel at a rate of 3,000 feet a second and the damage done by them will be something frightful. GUNS TO BE LONGER

huge weapons-the seven-inch caliber takes She was rewarded with a gold medal, a life | 101 pounds for each shot-produces tremendtiles, by the way, are made with thicker walls, to resist the higher pressures of ex-plosion, and many of the older shells in stock have had to be thrown away, because

ary batteries have been three pounders and ships these will be replaced by weapons of three-inch caliber, rapid-fire, discharging fourteen-pound shells. The latter can be fired nearly as fast as the three-pounders, and they will inflict vastly more damage. Twenty of them will be carried by the Connecticut and it is easy to imagine what tremendous execution they will be capable of, delivering a veritable hail of bursting

armor-piercing projectile, utilized exclusivey for that purpose, has been solid and non-explosive, but this novel agent of mischief is capable of passing unbroken through armor plate a foot thick, thereupon bursting loing an amount of damage well calculated to demoralize the enemy. Such landing in the engine room, would be likely to put the machinery out of busi-

and the Louisiana for purposes to it is probable that the larger guns will be aimed as well as discharged by electricity. In a seaway the roll of a ship interferes a good deal with accurate marksmanship, and it is now an accepted theory that in order to do satisfactory shooting there should should be kept steadily pointed at the target, no matter how the vessel moves. method of doing this is to keep the weapon horizontal, by an automatically controlled SMOKELESS POWDER USED.

To train our gun-pointers in the business of hitting the target vast sums of money are being expended by the Navy Department, three battleships of the North Atlantic fleet having used up \$250,000 worth of ammunition within twelve months. For this purpose smokeless powder is employed almost exclusively; the government has not made or bought any black powder since the Spanish war, except for loading explosive shells and making fuses. From 2,000 to 3,000 pounds of smokeless powder are turned out on the Potomac, and enough in addition is The government factory at Indian Head comprises twenty-eight buildings, which are scattered widely over about 300 acres of ground, so that the destruction of one of them may not affect the others. In July Japanese are welcomed as teachers and Junta, was received here late last evening stomach catarrh. Serve it frequently in salad struck by lightning and wiped out. It is of European science without sacrificing and immediately circulated. The foreign population of Colon is largely composed of dressings, where it will be both appetizer catastrophe at Mare Island. Cal. not long individuality. catastrophe at Mare Island, Cal., not long previously, where 300 tons of smokeless powder blew up. The roof of the magazine was distributed over two counties, but the walls were uninjured, and the great mass of gunpowder burned all day long. The factory at Indian Head last year produced for making smokeless powder. 378,500 pounds of ether, 1,275,492 pounds of nitric acid and 516,575 pounds of guncotton. Smokeless powder is likely to decompose and deteriorate—a trouble against which the Navy Department has to be constantly on its guard. In order to detect such deterioration when it occurs, the curious device has been adopted of mixing with portions of the explosive a small quantity of coal tar coloring called "rosaniline," which

imparts to it a deep carmine hue. If de-composition occurs, the powder thus treat-For practice in shooting at night the Navy Department has been using recently a new contrivance called a 'tracer''-a small attachment to the fuse of a shell containing a brilliantly burning composition, by which the projectile is illuminated during its flight through the air. Thus the gun pointer, fol-lowing the shell with his eye, is enabled to watch the path it takes. Some of our war vessels have been supplied with these tracers for experimental use at sea. vessels building, including nine battleships. Their armament will cost \$25,000,000, and the most dangerous rival on the seas, has been so much greater than ours that in 1907 her a very serious and well nigh alarming situ-

£1,000 for Twopence.

New York Commercial. Stamp collectors have been surprised by

minent.

in the world, and was discovered in a most remarkable way in the collection of a Glasgow gentleman. He has not collected since after the expenditure in South Africa, will gow gentleman. He has not collected since 1864, but still keeps his old albums as a memory of boyhood. The other day a ish credit; and, for the present, Japan is woman was looking through them, when unable to count on any such material aid she suddenly came across what she at once recognized as a stamp worth a fortune. Experts were at once communicated with and her opinion was confirmed. The stamp is now in a frame by itself, and in a well-

### JAPAN STILL MAKING PREPARATIONS FOR WAR

inet at Which Steps Were Taken to Raise Money.

SINEWS NEEDED

Lack of Funds the Main Thing That Prevents Japan Opening Hostilities.

LONDON, Dec. 25 .- Rumors of impending war in the far East continue to be the basis of dispatches from Tokio, Tien-Tsin, Shanghai and Peking, but the consensus of opinion among diplomats here is that Japan will not fight Russia. Preparations, however, continue, and Japan does not propose to caught napping if driven into war. At an sels are twins, exactly alike-will cost \$1,extraordinary meeting of the Japanese Cabinet to-day it is reported that it was decided to issue an emergency ordinance authorizing the guarantee of the principal and interest of an issue of 10,000,000 yen debentures on the Seoul-Fusan Railway, which is expected to be finished before the end of next year. The Tien-Tsin correspondent of the Standard revives the report, which was denied a few days ago, to the effect that a secret treaty has been signed between Russia and Korea whereby Russia obtains the control of the Korean army through Russian instructors. The correspondent declares this will greatly increase the tension in the far East. Other dispatches, all unconfirmed, indicates the trouble with Russia is still regarded as critical. CANNOT AFFORD TO FIGHT.

The Daily Mail, however, following article which, stated, is from the inspired author who stands the government and who outlines England's disapproval of war between Russia and Japan and who points out Russia must

eventually win in the end. "Two questions have agitated the minds will be allowed for an answer. This period expires Jan. 7. of those who, for the last eight weeks, have turned an apprehensive eye on war-cloud in the far East. That Russia's The explosion of such enormous charges game was a waiting game, we knew. The of gunpowder as are required for these deliberate offensive would not come from her if she could postpone it. But why has Japan held back? And would the intervention of China, as a belligerent power, should war arise, drag the allies of Russia and Japan-that is to say, the French and

> ourselves-into a conflict? "Let us dismiss this second question before we come to the first. China, as a belligerent power, does not exist, and, in all likelihood, should war arise, the adherents of the Empress-who owes her security solely to Russian influence, and is, whether she like it or no, a puppet in the hands of Russia-the adherents of the Empress would march with the Russian troops, while the progressive Chinese would be found fightand, therefore, both France and England would be given every facility for inter-preting the terms of their respective al-liances as they thought best. The English and the French, in a word, will not be committed to active participation in a war

should China run amuck. "But the first question is the more important. Why does Japan hold off? The island present moment enjoying a distinct superrom her in the spring, will not fight unless orced to do so by Russia's action in Korea. eminently favorable opportunity is that Japan would be bankrupt in three months, even after she had fought an entirely vic-

"Thus, she stands to lose, either in the case of victory or of defeat. Her press may be clamoring for an immediate attack, but her statesmen, with admirable foresight, are using all their influence, not only to avert the two nations without loss of prestige. The Emperor and his advisers, 'the men behind the curtain,' as they are called, council of veterans that really rule Japan, in spite of a nominal Parliament and constitution, are indefatigably trying to build this 'golden bridge' for Russia.

POCKETED THEIR FEELINGS. "The Marquis Ito, Marshal Yamagata, Admiral Ito and the other advisers of the Emperor, despite a pride and an ardor hardly conceivable to a European, have pocketed their feelings and decided that Japan cannot afford to fight unless for her life. The neutrality of Korea must be assured, but otherwise Russia can do as she pleases. Russia, who so far has been hardly able to digest Manchuria, will, they are convinced, leave Korea alone if pressed-at any rate, for the

"As for the future, the Japanese believe, with good reason, that not only Russia, but spread of their manufactures, and, last, but thousand-no longer hates Japan. The war at Key West.

individuality.

"Readers of the Japanese press extracts that are cabled over to England will be mistaken if they regard these outbursts as in any way representative of the Japanese people. Public opinion in Japan is governed by the Emperor and the Emperor has commanded silence. The people, therefore, neither demonstrate nor even discuss the prospects of war. The Emperor is with them a semi-sacred personage and, at his bidding, they will fight to the last man, or even woman. At present he asks for silence and for patience and, outside the small group of 'intellectuals' affected by the newspapers, the question of war or peace is not discussed. Nor are the news-papers well informed. In Japan modern journalism is in its infancy and the thunders of the Ji-Ji and other organs are but a reply to the noise made by the journalists of St. Petersburg and Moscow. "Japan, therefore, requiring every pen-ny of her capital for the development of her budding trade, her industries and a progressive armament, will not fight unless the Russians actually menace Korea and

hang like a drawn sword above her head. NOT AFRAID OF DEATH "That the Japanese are not afraid of death and would even welcome it, if by This government has now twenty-five war | dying they could add one lota to the glory of their fatherland, is witnessed to by the fact that after the Japanese withdrawal armor for them will come to another \$25,600,000. In all they will carry 1,599 guns.
Nevertheless, the activity of Germany, our found that Russia, France and Germany had resolved to rob her of the territories gained by her destruction of the Chinese about twice that of the United States. It is | fleets and armies, the Japanese obeyed their Emperor in silence, their troops were reation, in view of the danger of a collision | Emperor in silence, their troops were rewith that power, which is considered by | called and no one spoke in condemnation many astute observers to be almost im- of this forced retreat; but no fewer than 200 Japanese committed suicide and the number includes several women who preferred death to national dishonor. She has nothing to gain by a success-

ful war and everything to lose. Her statesthe announcement that another "2d Mau- men had hoped that Great Britain, reritius" stamp has been discovered. This enacting her policy in Portugal and Spain stamp is one of the most valuable stamps at the time of the Peninsular wars, might hardly be able to further compromise Brit-

from her ally. "In the event of war, who knows? Great Britain and the people of Great Britain have incurred certain responsibilities towards the plucky little nation whose ships known London auctioneer's strongest safe. and men are retarding the advance of the This particular stamp is so valuable be-cause, owing to a mistake of the engravers, that has cost England treasure and heroic omniverous Russian empire in a country it was imprinted with the words "post of- blood. It is still possible that the march of fice" instead of "post paid." The issue was events may force this government to adopt

#### Disfigured Skin

Wasted muscles and decaying bones. What havoc! Scrofula, let alone, is capable of all that It is commonly marked by bunches in the neck, inflammations in the eyes, dys-pepsia, catarrh and general debility. It is always radically and permanently

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Which expels all humors, cures all erup-tions and builds up the whole system, whether young or old.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the ponirritating and nly cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla

to pocket any immediate profit, at least to

maintain our hold upon fruits of the vic-tories of a not inglorious past." RUSSIA NOT YET READY

TO ANSWER JAPAN ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 25.-The Russian

government is still considering the reply of the Japanese government to its note which was sent in answer to Japan's demands relating to the situation in the far East. A reconsideration of the proposals made in the Russian note is considered as matter of course here. Russia has never been disposed to take any steps which would ead to an abrupt termination of the nego tiations with Japan.

In answer to many inquiries the Russian Foreign Office has always insisted that the Russian proposals were so liberal that it would be scarcely probable to conceive any further concessions. While the Foreign Office is unwilling to admit that Russia is outlined in the last note, it is considere possible that the government may sugges may be met and satisfaction given to Japan. the United States government is still clined to suggest the reference of the difficulties between Russia and Japan to The Hague arbitration tribunal, but this rumor is believed to be merely the re-echo of former suggestion made in the press of the

LONDON, Dec. 25.—The Daily Mail's Kobe correspondent says it is rumored that the note to Baron Komura, minister of foreign affairs, to Baron De Rosen, the Russian minister, in response to Russia's reply to the claims of Japan, had a paragraph to the effect that only two weeks

IAPANESE WILL GIVE EMPEROR FULL SUPPORT

TOKIO, Dec. 25 .- At a dinner given by the Oriental Association to-night Foreign Minister Kato, who presided, said he deeply regretted that the people had not been taken into the confidence of the government regarding the position of affairs between Japan and Russia. Nevertheless, he said. should the Emperor declare war, the nation would be found ready to give him unan

imous support.
Count Okuma, the former premier, said he agreed with the view expressed by Mr. Kato and he thought it was now high tim clared that not only a feeling of chivalry, but a desire for self-preservation require that Japan should buttress the integrity of China. Both speakers thought that the situation had reached an extremely critical

JAPANESE GOVERNMENT BUYING MUCH PIG LED

LONDON, Dec. 26 .- The correspondent of the Daily Mail at Sidney, N. S. W., cables that the Japanese government has placed orders for large quantities of pig lead with New South Wales concerns and that the presumption is that this lead will be used for the manufacture of bullets.

INDIANAPOLIS MAY BE BENEFITED BY LATEST CIVIL-SERVICE SCHEME

(CONCLUDED FROM FIRST PAGE) officials say that the letters are the result of a guessing contest inspired by a big tobacco The operations of such enterprises government officials, and as a result a bill has been introduced in Congress debarring companies who engage in business of this character from the use of the United States mails. The measure is approved by Postmaster General Payne.

Senator and Mrs. Fairbanks gave a dinner Hale, Senator and Mrs. Thomas C. Platt, Scott, Senator and Mrs. Blackburn, Senator and Mrs. McComber, Senator Millard, Miss Millard, Representative and Mrs. Metcalf, Representative and Mrs. Mann and Repre-sentative and Mrs. Dayton. J. E. M.

Torpedo Boat Destroyer Disabled. ence in China. The progressive Chinaman- | Hampton roads to Key West. Repairs and he is to be counted by the hundred which will consume a month will be made

Aged Artist Dend.

PASADENA, Cal., Dec. 25.-William Cogswell, one of the best-known and oldest artists in the country, is dead in South Pasadena at the age of eighty-five years.

## Look at the Brand! Walter Baker's Cocoa and Chocolate





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